In the Claims

Please amend the claims presented during the international phase as follows.

Applicant presents a full set of claims showing markups of the claims with insertions and deletions indicated by underlining (or double bracketing) and strikethrough text, respectively.

- 1. (Original) A UV sunscreening composition suitable for cosmetic or topical pharmaceutical use which comprises an amount of one or more organic components which are photosensitive and/or which are degraded and/or in which degradation is induced by another ingredient of the composition, and an amount of TiO₂ and/or ZnO which has been doped with one or more other elements and/or reduced zinc oxide, this composition having a rate of loss of UV absorption at least 5% less than that of a composition having the same formulation except that it does not contain the said TiO₂ and/or ZnO which has been doped with another element or the said reduced zinc oxide.
- 2. (Original) A composition according to claim 1 which is suitable for cosmetic use.
- 3. (Currently amended) A composition according to claim 1 or 2 which contains TiO₂ and/or ZnO which has not been doped or reduced.
- 4. (Currently amended) A composition according to <u>claim 1</u> any one of the preceding elaims wherein the dopant is manganese, vanadium, chromium or iron.
- 5. (Original) A composition according to claim 4 wherein the dopant is Mn³⁺.
- 6. (Currently amended) A composition according to <u>claim 1</u> any one of the preceding claims wherein the dopant is present in an amount from 0.05% to 10 mole %.
- 7. (Original) A composition according to claim 6 wherein the dopant is present in an amount from 0.5 to 2 mole % by weight.
- 8. (Currently amended) A composition according to <u>claim 1</u> any one of the preceding claims which comprises doped titanium dioxide.

Int'l Filing Date: 23 December 2003

Int'l Appl. No.: PCT/GB2003/005658

9. (Currently amended) A composition according to <u>claim 8</u> any one of the preceding claims wherein the titanium dioxide is in rutile form.

- 10. (Currently amended) A composition according to <u>claim 1</u> any one of claims 1 to 3 which comprises reduced zinc oxide.
- 11. (Currently amended) A composition according to <u>claim 1</u> any one of the preceding elaims which comprises 0.5 to 20 mole % by weight of the doped TiO₂ or ZnO or reduced ZnO.
- 12. (Currently amended) A composition according to <u>claim 1</u> any one of the preceding elaims wherein the doped or reduced oxide has a particle size from 1 to 200 nm.
- 13. (Currently amended) A composition according to <u>claim 1</u> any one of claims 1 to 11 wherein the doped or reduced oxide has a particle size from 100 to 500 nm.
- 14. (Currently amended) A composition according to <u>claim 1</u> any one of the preceding claims wherein one or more of the said organic components is a UV sunscreen agent.
- 15. (Original) A composition according to claim 14 wherein the organic sunscreen agent absorbs UV light in the UVA region.
- 16. (Currently amended) A composition according to claim 14 or 15 wherein the organic sunscreen agent is a paraaminobenzoic acid, ester or derivative thereof, a methoxy cinnamate ester, a benzophenone, a dibenzylomethane, an alkyl- β , β -phenyl acrylate, a triazine, a camphor derivative, an organic pigment, a silicone based sunscreen agent or 2-phenylbenzimdazoyl-5 sulphonic acid or phenyldibenzimidazoyl sulphonic acid.
- 17. (Currently amended) A composition according to <u>claim 1</u> any one of the preceding elaims wherein the said rate of loss of UV absorption is a rate of loss of UVA absorption.
- 18. (Currently amended) A composition according to <u>claim 1</u> any one of the preceding elaims wherein the rate of change of the ratio of the loss of UVA absorption to the loss of

Int'l Filing Date: 23 December 2003

Int'l Appl. No.: PCT/GB2003/005658

UVB absorption is less than that of a composition of the same formulation except that the TiO₂ and /or ZnO present is not doped.

- 19. (Currently amended) A composition according to claim <u>18</u> 17 wherein the rate of change of the ratio is greater because the rate of loss of UVA absorption is reduced.
- 20. (Currently amended) A composition according to <u>claim 1</u> any one of the preceding elaims which comprises 0.1% to 20% by weight of organic sunscreen agent(s).
- 21. (Currently amended) A composition according to <u>claim 1</u> any one of the preceding elaims which contains one or more of a fatty substance, organic solvent, silicone, thickener, <u>demulsant demulcents</u>, UVB sunscreen agent, antifoaming agent, moisturising agent, perfume preservative, surface activation filler, sequestrant, anionic, cationic, nonionic or amphoteric polymer, propellant, alkalising or acidifying agent, colorant or metal oxide pigment.
- 22. (Currently amended) A composition according to <u>claim 1</u> any one of the preceding elaims which is a sunscreen.
- 23. (Currently amended) A composition according to <u>claim 1</u> any one of the preceding elaims which is in the form of a lotion, gel, dispersion, cream, milk, powder or solid stick.
- 24. (Currently amended) A composition according to claim $\frac{22 \text{ or}}{23}$ which comprises a water-dispersible and an oil-dispersible TiO₂ and/or ZnO.
- 25. (Currently amended) A composition according to claim 1 any one of the preceding elaims wherein the TiO₂ and/or ZnO is coated with an inorganic or organic solvent.
- 26. (Canceled)
- 27. (Currently amended) A method for reducing the concentration of one or more organic UV sunscreen agents or other ingredients which is photosensitive and/or is degraded and/or in which degradation is induced by another ingredient in a cosmetic UV screening composition, comprising incorporating into the composition Use of a doped or reduced

Int'l Filing Date: 23 December 2003

Int'l Appl. No.: PCT/GB2003/005658

TiO₂/ZnO as defined in <u>claim 1</u> any one of claims 1 and 4 to 7 to reduce the concentration of one or more organic UV sunscreen agents or other ingredient which is photosensitive and/or is degraded and/or in which degradation is induced by another ingredient in a cosmetic UV screening composition.

- 28. (Currently amended) A method for reducing the rate of loss in UV absorption of a sunscreen composition, comprising incorporating into the composition Use of a doped or reduced TiO₂/ZnO as defined in claim 1 any one of claims 1 and 4 to 7 to reduce the rate of loss in UV absorption of a sunscreen composition.
- 29. (Currently amended) A method for reducing the rate of change of the ratio of the loss of UVA absorption to the loss of UVB absorption in a cosmetic UV screening composition, comprising incorporating into the composition Use of a doped or reduced TiO₂/ZnO as defined in claim 1, any one of claims 1 and 4 to 7 to reduce the rate of change of the ratio of the loss of UVA absorption to the loss of UVB absorption in a cosmetic UV screening composition which wherein the composition comprises one or more organic components which are photosensitive and/or which are degraded by another ingredient of the composition in a relation a composition of the same formulation except that the TiO₂ and /or ZnO present is not doped or reduced.
- 30. (Currently amended) A method of increasing the effectiveness of an organic UV sunscreening composition, which comprises one or more components which are photosensitive and/or are degraded and/or in which degradation is induced by another ingredient of the composition which comprises incorporating into the composition a doped or reduced TiO₂/ZnO as defined in claim 1 any one of claims 1 and 4 to 7.
- 31. (Currently amended) A method of reducing the production of a toxic compound in a UV sunscreening composition which comprises incorporating therein doped TiO₂ and/or doped or reduced ZnO as defined in claim 1 any one of claims 1 and 4 to 7.